

CANCER SURVIVORSHIP CARE DELIVERY FOR CHINESE DIASPORA: CURRENT LANDSCAPE AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

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BACKGROUND

- Regions with significant Chinese diaspora bear ~50% global cancer burden; however effective survivorship care models remain unclear.
- This overview examines survivorship care across Mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore and Australia to guide future models of care for Chinese diaspora.

AC2 Leadership Forum in Hong Kong



Figure 1. AC2 Forum discussions in action

- Inaugural **AC2 (Advancing Cancer Survivorship through partnership between Australia and Greater-China) Leadership Forum** invited leaders in Cancer Survivorship from Australia, Mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore in October 2024
- AC2 is a collaboration to support **improved care for Chinese-speaking cancer survivors**
- Discussed aspects of care delivery, research and education to improve cancer survivorship care for Chinese diaspora

中国内地 Mainland China



Current: Building a comprehensive care model

- Phased approach to cancer care (prehab → recovery → maintenance)
- National Policies and Guidelines: Healthy China 2030 & Healthy China Action—Cancer Prevention and Control Implementation Plan 2019–2022
- Integration of Traditional Chinese and Western medicine
- Collaboration between medical and social sectors
- Three-phase national training programs

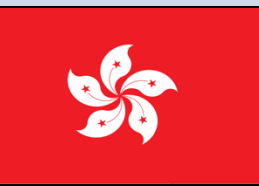
Gaps and Challenges

- Service Gaps in home care services
- Resource limitations for increasing needs of survivors
- Integrative, holistic focus on patient-centred care

OVERVIEW



香港 Hong Kong



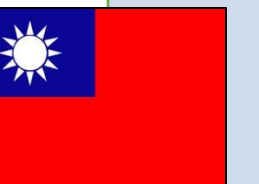
Current: A hospital-centric model in transition

- Policy recognition – Hong Kong cancer strategy 2019
- Hospital-based model transition to primary care
- Integration of digital tools and case managers

Gaps and Challenges

- Fragmented care and need for systemic reform
- Limited multi-disciplinary integration
- No standardised protocols
- Overburdened tertiary system

台湾 Taiwan



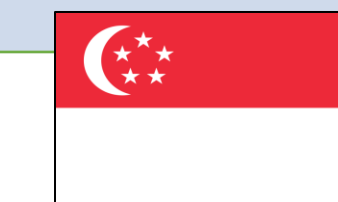
Current: Focus on psychosocial and community-based care

- Community support with strong advocacy group involvement
- Family-centric psychosocial care delivery
- Stigma reduction

Gaps and Challenges

- Limited integration of psychosocial/rehab into healthcare
- Unmet needs: informational and case management
- Inconsistent access to programs, volunteer-driven

新加坡 Singapore



Current: Strategic shifts and innovations

- Shared models with primary care
- Risk-stratified and needs-based care delivery
- Exploring private-public sector opportunities in primary care
- Digital infrastructure with healthcare record integration

Gaps and Challenges

- Implementation of preventative, community-based care
- Barriers to shared-care uptake from survivors and GPs
- Fragmented access to supportive care services

澳大利亚 Australia



Current: Focus on improving policy and framework

- Australian Cancer Plan (2023) with a 10-year vision for equitable outcomes
- Clinical Oncology Society of Australia Model of Survivorship Care
- Statewide research, training (e.g., PC4), and shared care survivorship care models

Gaps and Challenges

- Fragmented service availability
- Limited Culturally and Linguistically Diverse-specific services

Figure 2. Highlights of landscape and challenges in cancer survivorship care by region

This overview highlights further opportunities for **education, knowledge exchange, and international collaborative research** to strengthen cancer survivorship care for Chinese diaspora.



