CARE EXPERIENCES ACROSS THE CANCER CONTINUUM: A QUALITATIVE STUDY TO INFORM A STATEWIDE CANCER NAVIGATION APPROACH IN AUSTRALIA

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BACKGROUND

- This qualitative descriptive study aimed to identify challenges and facilitators in accessing cancer care in South Australia, from the perspectives of cancer survivors and caregivers, to inform responsive cancer navigation approaches.

- cancer care support.

RESULTS

- Online qualitative survey (n=75) and semi-structured interviews (n=22).
- Key challenges reported by consumers included perceived invalidation of medical concerns, delayed diagnoses, poor communication, inadequate information provision, fragmented care, and limited logistical, cultural, and psychological support.

	Pre-diagnosis	Before Treatment	During Treatment
Gaps and Challenges	Dismissive "[My] Doctor didn't follow up properly and was quite dismissive of symptoms" Poor patient-provider communication "Health practioners unaware of services"	No SupportLimited Rural SupportNobody to walk with us on our"He had to be transported to anotjourney. Too much info to take in"He had to be transported to anot(i.e., medication, seizures, nohospital for treatment, although I wasemotional support, justa timetable it very rarely actually haptreatment plans, bang, bang,On top [of that], it [transport] wasn'tbang)"to be a support person"	
Facilitators	 Familiar Support Person "Would be good to see the same person through the process of diagnosis" Table 1: Consumer experience of Cancer Care in South Australia 	Information Support "We need someone who can sit down and map the available services and those that are not available"	Financial Assistance & Advocacy " Need help. Having to leave work, dealing with and navigating Centrelink was not the most enjoyable experience. Constantly having to provide sick certificates and filling out forms."

METHODS

Data collection methods: Surveys and Interviews

• Content Analysis: Used to categorise the challenges and facilitators experienced by cancer consumers

• Subjective-Inductive Thematic Analysis: Guided by the Supportive Care Needs Framework, this approach was employed to develop a statewide navigation system for

Months to Years post treatment

No Support

"Feeling like we've fallen off the doctor's radar. It feels like the responsibility for monitoring symptoms or potential regrowth t very hard lies entirely with me, however I am unable to request access to my own blood tests or CT scans!"

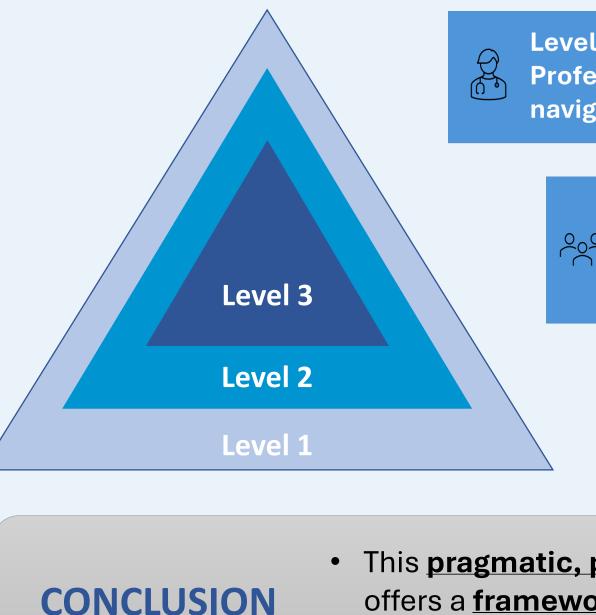
Navigation Support

"I think it would be beneficial if there was a coordinator who would help patients navigating recovery and available services."

THE FLINDERS NEEDS-BASED APPROACH TO CANCER NAVIGATION **IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA**

The needs-based approach recognises that everyone affected by cancer requires foundational information navigation support, while identifying some may require or want additional navigation support at certain times or situations across their cancer experience.

- All levels of navigation support are accessible to all people affected by cancer.
- **Levels 1 & 2:** Interventions that provide information, skills, and resources to support individuals in navigating cancer care.







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	Level 1 interventions provided to all affected by cancer. Individuals (self)referred to Levels 2 & 3 based on their needs and preferences.					
	Level 3: Interventions may involve taking actions on behalf of individuals (e.g., symptom management, intensive ongoing interventions, direct advocacy)					
el 3: essional gation		Offered to individuals with complex needs				

0	Level 2:	Offered to
	Community-	individuals who
	based	require/ want
	navigation	additional support



Level 1: **Information and** resource-based navigation

Provided to all people affected by cancer

 This pragmatic, person-centered, need-based approach offers a framework for sustainable navigation models. • Local adaptation will be needed for international use.

