

BRIDGING THE GAP: PHARMACISTS' PREPAREDNESS IN CHEMOTHERAPY SIDE EFFECT MANAGEMENT

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INTRODUCTION

Chemotherapy's significant side effects demand expert pharmacist management, yet their preparedness remains insufficiently explored.

AIM

To evaluate pharmacists' knowledge and management skills concerning chemotherapyrelated adverse effects and thereby propose the areas of improvement in cancer education.

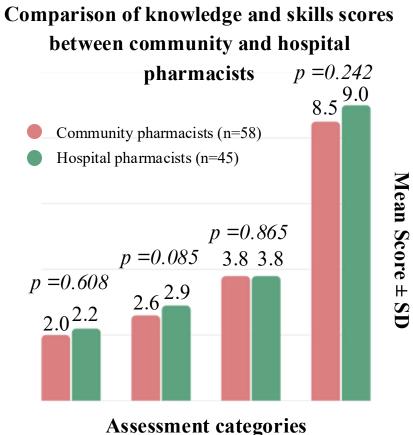
METHODOLOGY

Cross-sectional survey. Assessed education, exposure to cancer therapies, and self-rated knowledge/competence Evaluated management of chemotherapy side effects

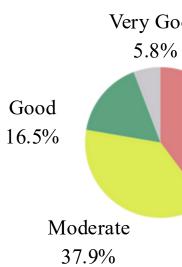


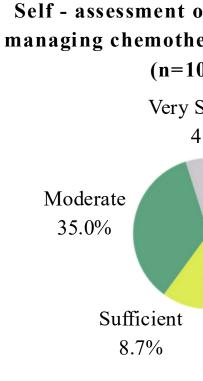
RESULTS

- **39.8%** reported inadequate chemotherapy knowledge.
- **51.4%** felt insufficient competence in managing side effects.
- 100% expressed desire for further education.
- No significant differences between community vs hospital pharmacists
- Major gaps in oncology training (58.3% had no training).



Self - assessmen about chemothera





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nt of knowledge npy drugs (n=103)	Distribution of correct responses to survey questions on side effects of chemotherapy and management of side effects				
Good		Total (n = 103) n	CP (n = 58) n	HP (n = 45) n (%)	Р
% Inadequate 39.8%	Chemotherape- utic and side effect	(%) 44 (42.7)	(%) 24 (41.7)	20 (44.4)	0.608
of competence in nerapy side effects 103)	Managing side effects of chemotherapy	57 (55.3)	30 (51.7)	27 (59.1)	0.085
Sufficient 4.9% Insufficient 51.4%	Advice to the patient on management of SE of chemotherapy	78 (75.7)	45 (77.9)	35 (77.3)	0.865

CONCLUSION

Findings reveal significant gaps in pharmacists' knowledge and skills in managing chemotherapy side effects, highlighting the urgent need for accessible continuing oncology education.