# MASCC Patient Survey of Strategies used for Prevention and Treatment of Chemotherapy-induced Peripheral Neuropathy (CIPN)

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#### INTRODUCTION

- Chemotherapy-induced peripheral neuropathy (CIPN) is a dose-limiting toxicity of several anticancer drugs
- CIPN causes long-term functional impairment in the hands and feet and diminished quality of life
- There are few guideline-recommended strategies for CIPN prevention or treatment
- Objective: understand current clinical practice for CIPN prevention and treatment

### **METHODS**

- Patients
  - Currently receiving or previously received neurotoxic chemotherapy treatment
  - Demographic, treatment data published in Hertz et al. Support Care Cancer 2023 PMID: 38129602
- Survey
  - Cross-sectional online survey distributed via social media and survivorship organizations
  - Asked about patient perceptions and use of strategies for CIPN prevention and treatment
- Data Analysis
  - Data were analyzed using descriptive statistics

#### CIPN Prevention

- •29% used a non-pharmacological approach (Figure 1)
- Cryotherapy (i.e., applying low temperature to hands /feet during treatment, not guideline recommended) used most often (10%)
- CIPN Treatment
- 40% used a prescription medication (Figure 2)
- Gabapentin ("Neurontin", not guideline recommended) used most often (24%)
- Duloxetine (guideline recommended) used by only 8%
- 49% used a non-prescription medication (Figure 3)
- Vitamin-B complex (29%) and magnesium (22%) (not guideline-recommended) used most often
- 61% used a non-pharmacological approach (Figure 4)
- Exercise therapy (47%) and massage (36%) (not guideline-recommended) used most often

#### Conclusion

- Strategies that are not recommended by guidelines are commonly used for CIPN prevention and treatment
- Highlights the need for clinician and patient education as well as research toward developing effective strategies for CIPN prevention and treatment

## **RESULTS**









