**ABSTRACT**

Introduction: In Fukui Prefecture, Japan, the dementia prevention campaign was started by the Dementia Prevention Team in Fukui. The questionnaires were sent via mail to the people aged 65 years and older living in Fukui prefecture, Japan. The people who have at least one positive item of questions were advised to go to local hospital, and they have seen by the physicians, and underwent Mini-Mental state examination (MMSE). The relationship between the results of questionnaire and MMSE score was analyzed. Methods: The questionnaires were send via mail to the people aged 65 years and older living in Fukui prefecture, Japan. The questionnaires were sent via mail to the people aged 65 years and older living in Fukui prefecture, Japan. The people who have at least one positive item of questions were advised to go to local hospital, and they have seen by the physicians, and underwent Mini-Mental state examination (MMSE). The relationship between the results of questionnaire and MMSE score was analyzed. Results: Total of 40,000 people send back the questionnaire. Total of 2,516 people (Mean Age: 76.9 ± 6.3 years old) visited the local hospital, and they have seen by the physicians, and underwent Mini-Mental state examination (MMSE). The people who have at least one positive item of questions were advised to go to local hospital, and they have seen by the physicians, and underwent Mini-Mental state examination (MMSE). The relationship between the results of questionnaire and MMSE score was analyzed. The Institutional Review Board of the University of Fukui (No. 1007) approved this study. The questionnaires were sent via mail to the people aged 65 years and older living in Fukui prefecture, Japan, on April 2014. The examples of questionnaire are selected by Dementia prevention team Fukui (Fig. 2). The examples of questionnaire are selected by Dementia prevention team Fukui (Fig. 2). The examples of questionnaire are selected by Dementia prevention team Fukui (Fig. 2).

**METHODS**

The Institutional Review Board of the University of Fukui (No. 1007) approved this study. The questionnaires were sent via mail to the people aged 65 years and older living in Fukui prefecture, Japan, on April 2014. The examples of questionnaire are selected by Dementia prevention team Fukui (Fig. 3) as listed in Table 1.

**RESULTS**

As the increases of aged people, the number of patients with dementia is dramatically increasing in Japan. Early intervention is effective to prevent progression of dementia, including Alzheimer’s disease. In Fukui Prefecture (Fig.1), Japan, the dementia prevention campaign was started in 2011 by Nishikawa prefectural governor (Fig. 2). As the tool of easy screening of dementia, short screening questionnaire is effective to screen the early stage of dementia. Especially, the people who lost interest to their favorite things and who lose temper easily should be seen by the doctor to rule out the possibility of dementia as soon as possible.

**CONCLUSIONS**

The dementia screening questionnaire is effective to screen the early stage of dementia.

**REFERENCES**