A Survey to Evaluate Facilitators and Barriers to Quality Measurement and Improvement:





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BACKGROUND

Measuring and improving the quality of care of palliative care (PC) programs is essential for improving outcomes for patients with serious and advanced illnesses.

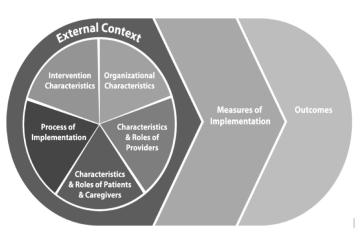
- Use of PC indicators to measure and improve the quality of PC programs has been slow to develop.
- Better understanding of facilitators and barriers to PC quality measurement (QM) and improvement (QI) may improve implementation and overall program quality.

OBJECTIVE

 Development of an instrument to assess PC team perspectives on facilitators and barriers to quality of care implementation in PC programs

SURVEY DEVELOPMENT

Definition of focal constructs and conceptual model



- Operationalization of focal construct via selection of validated instrument items
 - 5 instruments, 2 item sets
- Further adapted and revised through expert cognitive interviews
 - Subject matter experts, frontline team members, target survey participants
- Clear definitions of terms
 - Uncertainty: e.g. "organization" vs "leadership"
 - "Physician"/"Providers"/"Staff" changed to "PC team members"
- Uncertainty regarding quality initiatives within the program

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

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SURVEY MODULES

Module	Description
A 30 Items	Program characteristics and quality infrastructure for QI; individual, leadership and program support for QI
B 18 Items	Program and team member characteristics, individual's engagement with QI; implementation climate for QI;
C 11 Items	Communication, teamwork and collective accountability within PC team
D 54 Items	Program characteristics and quality infrastructure for QM; leadership and program support; appropriateness of QM interventions
E 11 Items	Perceptions of quality related to quality indicators
F	Demographic information, PC

LIMITATIONS

team role and experience

6 Items

- More work is needed to understand how to address identified issues in PC quality initiatives
- Many CFIR constructs do not have established instruments that correlate with these constructs

NEXT STEPS

- Currently implementing the survey ~20 sites internationally
- Individual site feedback and PC program quality benchmarking
- Correlation with program quality data

CONCLUSIONS

- Development of a novel instrument for the measurement of PC team members perspectives on program quality
- Use of a rigorous survey to assess these perspectives can help advance and improve PC quality initiatives
- This information needs to be used in combination with patient and family perspectives on PC quality

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS