Linguistic validation of the Korean version of the U.S. National Cancer Institute's Patient-Reported Outcomes version of the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (PRO-CTCAE)

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Background / Objectives

- •The U.S. National Cancer Institute's PRO-CTCAE is a patient-reported outcome measure to capture symptomatic toxicity in cancer clinical trials. For more information about PRO-CTCAE visit: https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/pro-ctcae/
- •The aim of this study was to translate and linguistically validate a Korean language version of PRO-CTCAE.

Methods

- •124 items in the PRO-CTCAE item library were translated from English into Korean using multiple forward and back translations.
- •We enrolled 120 cancer patients stratified by gender, age, and education at a university-based cancer center in Seoul. Korea.
- •We conducted 3 rounds of cognitive interviews, with 40 patients participating in each round.
- •Each participant completed approximately 50 PRO-CTCAE items and participated in a cognitive debriefing interview.
- •The interviews were analyzed at the item level to evaluate the comprehensibility, acceptability, and ease of response.
- •Items for which ≥20% of patients experienced comprehension difficulties were rephrased and retested in subsequent rounds.

Figure 1. Procedure on linguistic translation and validation Linguistic Validation (Cognitive Interviews) Translation Process Round 1 (N=40) Round 2 (N=40) Round 3 (N=40) PRO-CTCAE items tested PRO-CTCAE items tested PRO-CTCAE items tested CORF (19)† 19 additional terms -13 additional terms 13 additional terms Forward translation (3 bilinguals) Terms flagged as Terms flagged as difficult \downarrow Terms flagged as to translate (4)† • Missed menstrual period • Urge to urinate • Unexpected decrease in sweating • Watery eyes (tearing) difficult to translate (4)† Missed menstrual period Urge to urinate Unexpected decrease in difficult to translate (4) Reconciliation \downarrow Backward translation (3 bilinguals) Expert review to finalize phrasing for linguistic validation Iterative data analysis - CORE symptom terms (19 terms): Problems with concentration, problems with memory, arm or leg swelling, numbness or tingling in your hands or feet, insomnia, fatigue, rash, pain, headache, anxiety, feelings that nothing could cheer you up, sad or unhappy feelings, shortness of breath, decreased Finalized & Formatted appetite, nausea, vomiting, constipation, loose or watery stools, mouth or Quality review by NCI throat sores † Terms were tested in 120 participants

Results

- •A majority of PRO-CTCAE items were well comprehended by Korean speakers in Round 1.
- •Three items that presented difficulties in ≥50% of participants were revised/retested with all participants in Round 2. Four items presented difficulties in ≥20% were revised.
- •In Round 2, only 1 item presented difficulties in ≥20% and was revised/retested.
- •After Round 3, no items presented difficulties in ≥20% of participants, and while 4 items presented difficulties for <20 %, the 4 items were

Table 1. Symptom terms presenting comprehension difficulties across 3 rounds of interviewing

	Round 1 (N=40)		Round 2 (N=40)		Round 3 (N=40)	
Proportions with of difficulties in Round 1	Number of participants interviewed (N)	Participants with difficulty N (%)	Number of participants interviewed (N)	Participants with difficulty N (%)	Number of participants interviewed (N)	Participants with difficulty N (%)
≥ 20 %Participants with comprehension difficulties						
Vaginal dryness	5	3 (60.0)	18	1 (5.6)	21	0
Urinate frequently	9	5 (55.5)	40	0	40	0
Nothing would cheer you up	40	21 (52.5)	40	2 (5.0)	40	7 (17.5)
Pain, swelling, redness at a site of drug injection or IV	9	3 (33.3)	40	0	40	0
Wheezing (Whistling noise in the chest with breathing)	11	3 (27.3)	10	0	9	1 (11.1)
Pain	40	9 (22.5)	40	0	40	0
Difficulty swallowing	9	2 (22.2)	10	0	11	0
Flashing lights in front of your eyes	10	2 (20.0)	11	0	10	0
\geq 10 % and < 20% Participants with comprehension difficulties						
Watery eyes (Tearing)	40	7 (17.5)	40	5 (12.5)	40	6 (15.0)
Missed expected menstrual period	21	3 (14.3)	18	0	21	0
Mouth and throat sores	40	5 (12.5)	40	0	40	0
Unexpected decrease in sweating	40	4 (10.0)	40	1 (2.5)	40	0
Loss of control of urine (Leakage)	9	0	10	2 (20.0)	11	0
Recommendation for further testing						
Bed sores	9	1 (11.1)	40	5 (12.5)	40	6 (15.0)
Unusual vaginal discharge	5	0	18	1 (5.6)	21	1 (4.8)
Body odor	9	1 (11.1)	40	0	40	0

Table 2. Key cognitive interview findings

Key Cognitive Interview Degree of Difficulties in Round 1		Symptoms			
	: ≥ 20 % difficulties	Vaginal dryness Wheezing (Whistling noise in the chest with breathing)			
Difficulty understanding the meaning of specific words, phrases or concepts	≥ 10 % and < 20% difficulties	Flashing lights in front of your eyes Unexpected decrease in sweating			
	Recommended for further testing	Bed sores Unusual vaginal discharge			
Difficulty understanding the meaning of the question	≥ 20 % difficulties	Urinate frequently Nothing would cheer you up Pain			
Different participants understood the question differently	. ≥ 20 % difficulties	Pain, swelling, redness at a site of drug injection or IV Difficulty swallowing			
	≥ 10 % but < 20% difficulties	Watery eyes (Tearing) Missed expected menstrual period Mouth and throat sores Loss of control of urine (Leakage)			
	: Recommended for further testing	Body odor			

Conclusions

- PRO-CTCAE-Korean has been linguistically validated for use in Korean speaking populations, and demonstrates generally high levels of comprehension, acceptability, and ease of response.
- Quantitative evaluation of the measurement properties of PRO-CTCAE-Korean is warranted.

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