AKERSHUS UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

Birthweight and placental weight are much higher in pregnancies with diabetes type-1 compared to pregnancies with gestational diabetes.

A population-based study of 183,646 pregnancies.

Strøm-Roum EM ¹, PhD, MD, Eskild A ^{1,2}, PhD, MD.

¹Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Akershus University Hospital, Norway ²Institute of Clinical Medicine, University of Oslo, Norway

Objective

We studied whether birthweight and placental weight differ in pregnancies with different types of diabetes, using pregnancies without diabetes as the reference.

Methods

We performed a population study of 183,646 singleton pregnancies by using data from the years 2009-2014 in the Medical Birth Registry of Norway. By applying linear regression analysis, we estimated differences in birthweight and placental weight (in grams) between pregnancies with diabetes type-1 (n=790), pregnancies with diabetes type-2 (n=424) and pregnancies with gestational diabetes (n=4891). We used pregnancies without diabetes (n=177,541) as reference, and we made adjustment for maternal body mass index and gestational age at birth.

Results

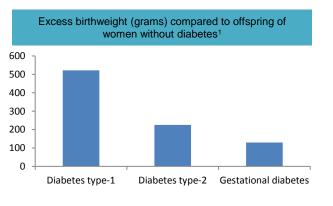
Mean birthweight in pregnancies without diabetes was 3528.9 g. Adjusted mean birthweight was 522.0 g (p<0.001) higher in pregnancies with diabetes type-1 than in pregnancies without diabetes. The birthweight was 224.6 g and 130.1 g higher in pregnancies with diabetes type-2 and gestational diabetes, respectively. Mean placental weight in pregnancies without diabetes was 670.2 g. Placental weight was 109.4 g (p<0.001) higher in pregnancies with diabetes type-1 than in pregnancies without diabetes. Also in pregnancies with diabetes type-2 and gestational diabetes, placental weight was higher than in pregnancies without diabetes (54.7 g and 35.7 g, respectively). All above estimates are adjusted for differences in maternal body mass index and gestational age at birth.

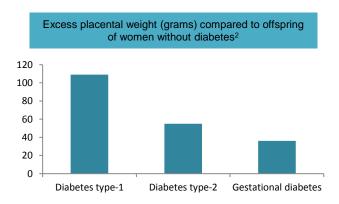
	n	Crude B	95% CI	Adjusted B	95% CI	
	Changes in birthweight (g)					
Diabetes status						
No diabetes	177,541	0.0		0.0		
No diabetes	177,311	0.0		0.0		
Diabetes type-1	790	142.9†††	104.1-181.8	522.0†††	492.0-552.0	
Diabetes type-2	424	57.8	4.8-110.8	224.6†††	183.7-265.5	
Diabetes type 2	12.	37.0	1.0 110.0	221.0	103.7 200.0	
Gest diabetes	4,891	75.4†††	59.6-91.2	130.1†††	117.8-142.4	
		Conside D	050/ CI	Adimeted D	050/ CI	
	n	Crude B	95% CI	Adjusted B	95% CI	

	Changes in placental weight (g)					
Diabetes status						
No diabetes	177,541	0.0		0.0		
Diabetes type-1	790	66.6†††	56.1-77.0	109.4†††	99.5-119.4	
Diabetes type-2	424	48.6†††	34.3-62.8	54.7†††	41.1-68.2	
Gest diabetes	4,891	38.9†††	34.3-62.8	35.7†††	31.6-39.8	

95% CI, 95% confidence interval; BMI, body mass index (kg/m²); g, gram Adjustments were made mutually for maternal diabetes status, maternal BMI, and gestational age at birth

† p<0.05, †† p<0.005, ††† p<0.001





¹Birthweight and ²placental weight of offspring in women without diabetes were the references (mean 3528.9 grams and 670.2 grams)

Conclusion:

Birthweight and placental weight were highest in pregnancies with diabetes type-1. This was a surprising finding since specialized antenatal care for women in Norway with diabetes type-1 is accessible to all and free of charge. Our findings such encourage further research to understand the different growth patterns according to type of diabetes.