

Retrospective Analysis of Continuous Glucose Monitoring Data with the Surveillance Error Grid Supports Nonadjunctive Diabetes Management Decisions

Tomas Walker, John B. Welsh, Diana Le, David Price

Clinical Affairs (TW, JBW, DP) and Biometrics (DL), Dexcom, Inc., San Diego, CA, USA

Background and Aims

- Safe use of CGM for diabetes management decisions requires accurate data.
- The surveillance error grid (SEG) represents the assessment of diabetes clinicians with regard to the risk of inaccurate blood glucose meter values.
- We applied the SEG to data from a currently-marketed CGM system.

Methods

- Data from previously-published accuracy studies of the Dexcom G4 PLATINUM system were retrospectively analyzed with the SEG macro (Kovatchev, JDST 2014;8(4):673).
 - Pediatric study (Laffel, DT&T 2016;18(S2):S223): N=79, age 12.2 ± 4.6 years, all with T1D.
 - Adult study (Bailey, JDST 2015;9(2):209): N=51, age 46.7 ± 15.8 years, 44 with T1D and 7 with T2D.
- Data from 2 experiments with different sensor performance were further analyzed.

Results

Figure 1.

Surveillance error grid analysis for sensor wear Day 1 (left), Day 4 (center), and Day 7 (right) of the pediatric (top row) and adult (bottom row) studies.

Colors indicate associated risk levels ranging from none (dark green) to extreme (brown).

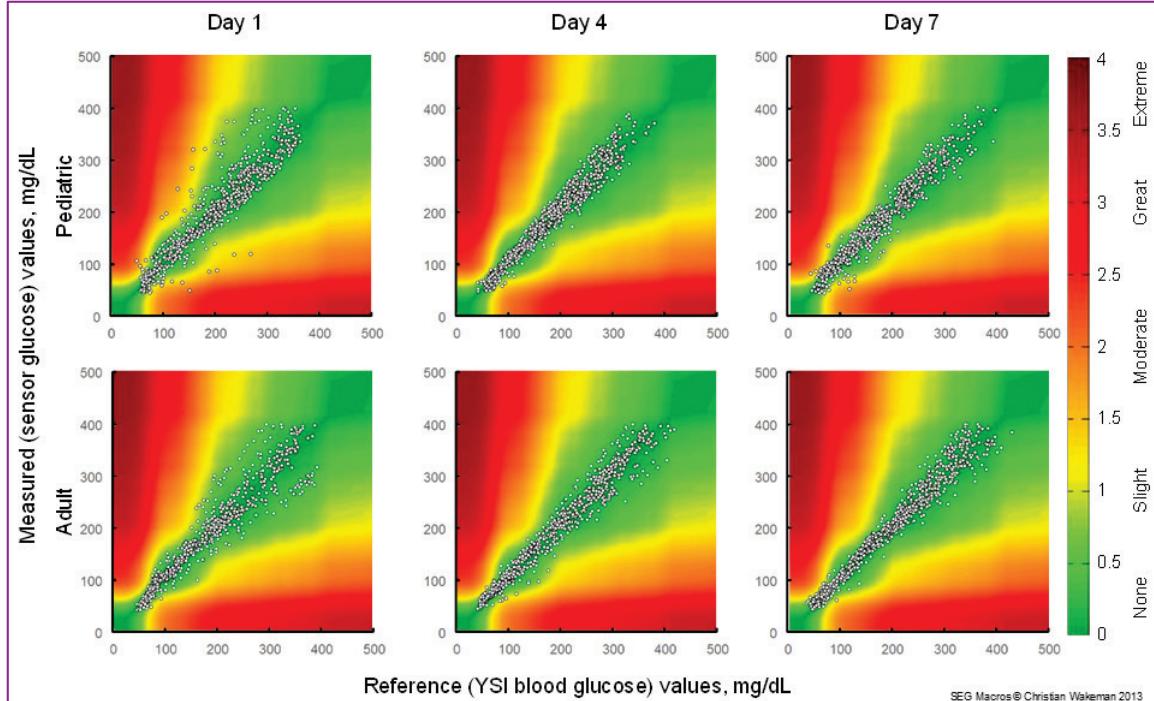


Figure 2.

Glucose concentrations during two in-clinic experiments. A: Poor performance and 3 points in the "Moderate" risk zone, designated by vertical bars colored to show the risk category. B: Good performance.

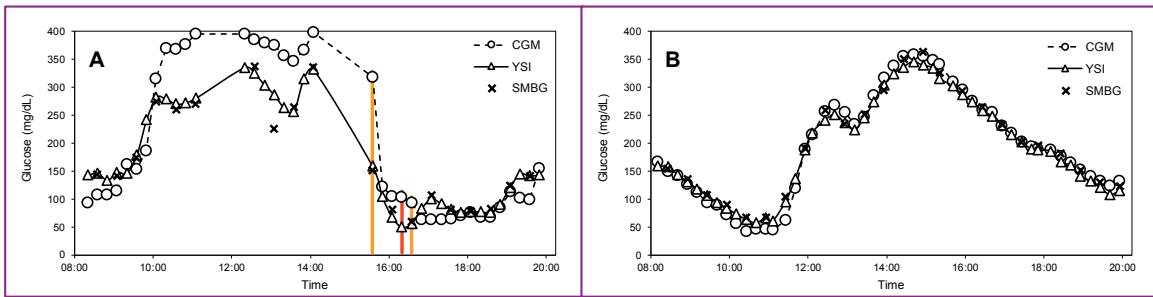


Table 1.

Surveillance error grid data point distributions for the pediatric and adult studies on each of the in-clinic study days.

Descriptor	Grid Color	Absolute Value	Pediatric, N (%)			Adult, N (%)				
			Day 1	Day 4	Day 7	Overall	Day 1	Day 4	Day 7	Overall
None	Green	<0.5	625 (84.46%)	737 (92.70%)	628 (86.38%)	1990 (87.98%)	596 (87.65%)	725 (93.31%)	735 (91.19%)	2056 (90.85%)
Slight, Lower	Yellow	>0.5 to 1	83 (11.22%)	52 (6.54%)	82 (11.28%)	217 (9.59%)	78 (11.47%)	46 (5.92%)	65 (8.06%)	189 (8.35%)
Slight, Higher	Yellow	>1 to 1.5	25 (3.58%)	6 (0.75%)	15 (2.06%)	46 (2.03%)	6 (0.88%)	6 (0.77%)	6 (0.74%)	18 (0.80%)
Moderate, Lower	Orange	>1.5 to 2.0	5 (0.68%)	0	2 (0.28%)	7 (0.31%)	0	0	0	0
Moderate, Higher	Orange	>2.0 to 2.5	2 (0.27%)	0	0	2 (0.09%)	0	0	0	0
Great, Lower	Red	>2.5 to 3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great, Higher	Red	>3.0 to 3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Extreme	Dark Red	>3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall			740	795	727	2262	680	777	806	2263

Summary

- Basing routine diabetes management decisions on point estimates from the Dexcom G4 PLATINUM system poses minimal risk.
- The risks may be mitigated by trend information and alerts.