IDENTIFYING PATIENTS WITH TYPE 2 DIABETES AT RISK FOR HYPOGLYCEMIA AMONG THOSE TREATED WITH LONG-ACTING INSULIN ANALOGS

Boris Kovatchev, PhD1, Zhaoling Meng, PhD2, Marc Breton, PhD1, Bruno Leroy MD3, Anna Cali MD. MSc.3

¹Center for Diabetes Technology, University of Virginia, Charlottesville VA; ²Sanofi, Bridgewater NJ; ³Sanofi, Paris France

Introduction

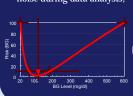
Twenty years ago we introduced the Risk Analysis of blood glucose (BG) variablity¹ and defined the Low BG Index (LBGI) which, over the years, was established as a powerful predictor of hypoglycemia². The objective of this analysis is to test whether the LBGI identifies type 2 diabetes patients at risk for hypoglycemia, e.g. those who reported documented symptomatic hypoglycemia (DSH) confirmed by BG readings below 3mmol/I during pivotal trials of insulin glargine 300 Units/mL (Gla-300).

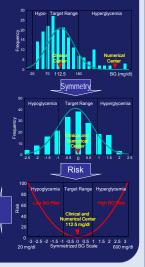
Materials and Methods

Self-monitoring (SMBG) daily profiles were available from two multicenter trials: EDITION 2 (NCT01499095, N=802 insulin users, 44,787 SMBG readings, 699 DSH episodes)³ and EDITION 3 (NCT01676220, N=869 insulin naive patients, 47,817 SMBG readings, 236 DSH episodes)⁴. Both studies randomized their participants to Gla-300 or insulin glargine 100 Units/mL (Gla-100); for this analysis, 6-month data was pulled across the two types of insulin.

Risk Analysis of Blood Glucose Data (Introduced 1997¹; Reviewed 2017⁵)

- The variance carried by hypoglycemic and hyperglycemic readings is equalized;
- Excursions into extreme hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia get progressively increasing risk values;
- The variance within the safe euglycemic range is attenuated, which reduces noise during data analysis;





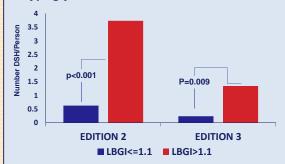
Results

Among several measures of glucose variability (e.g. SD, CV, etc.), the LBGI was the only metric significantly correlated with documented symptomatic hypoglycemia:

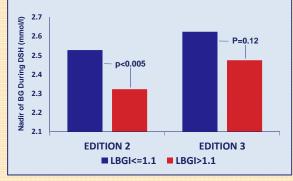
Correlation	EDITION 2	EDITION 3
LBGI with #DSH	r=0.38	r=0.27
episodes/patient	p<0.001	p<0.001

Identifying Patients at Risk:

Subjects who had LBGI>1.1 (moderate risk) experienced *6-fold more symptomatic hypoglycemia* than those with LBGI≤1.1:



Subjects who had LBGI>1.1 experienced *lower nadir of BG during DSH* than those with LBGI≤1.1:



Conclusions

Symptomatic hypoglycaemia in type 2 diabetes patients treated with basal insulin is predictable from SMBG data using risk-based glucose variability analysis.

References

- Kovatchev BP, Cox DJ, Gonder-Frederick LA and WL Clarke. Symmetrization of the blood glucose measurement scale and its applications. Diabetes Care 20:1655-1658, 1997.
- 2. Cox DJ, Gonder-Frederick LA, Ritterband L, Clarke WL, and Kovatchev BP. Prediction of Severe Hypoglycemia. Diabetes Care 30:1370-1373, 2007.
- Yki-Järvinen H, Bergenstal RM, Bolli GB, Ziemen M, Wardecki M, Muehlen-Bartmer I, Maroccia M, Riddle MC. Glycaemic control and hypoglycaemia with new
 insulin glargine 300 U/ml versus insulin glargine 100 U/ml in people with type 2 diabetes using basal insulin and oral antihyperglycaemic drugs: the EDITION 2
 randomized 12-month trial including 6-month extension. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism. 17:1142-9, 2015.
- 4. Bolli GB, Riddle MC, Bergenstal RM, Ziemen M, Wardecki M, Goyeau HD, Home PD, Glycaemic control and hypoglycaemia with insulin glargine 300 U/mL versus insulin glargine 100 U/mL in insulin-naïve people with type 2 diabetes: 12 month results from the EDITION 3 trial. Submitted to Diabetes & Metabolism.
- 5. Kovatchev BP. Metrics for Glycaemic Control: from HbA_{1c} to Continuous Glucose Monitoring. Nature Reviews Endocrinology (in press).

Author Disclosure Information: Boris Kovatchev: Advisory Panel: Sanofi. Consultant: Sanofi. Research Support: Sanofi, Roche Diagnostics, Tandem Diabetes Care, Dexcom. Stock/Shareholder/Board Member: TypeZero Technologies. Patent royalties: Johnson&Johnson, Sanofi; Zhaoling Meng: Sanofi employee; Marc Breton: Consultant: Sanofi, Roche Diagnostics. Research Support: Sanofi, Roche Diagnostics. Ascensia Diabetes Care. Stock/Shareholder/Board Member: TypeZero Technologies. Patent royalties: Sanofi Bruno Leroy: Sanofi employee; Anna Cali: Sanofi employee.